

USING WASM
TO PORT GAMES
TO THE BROWSER

THE
BLAZORDOOM
USE CASE

DEVONX™
United Kingdom
🇬🇧 🇪🇸 🇩🇪 🇫🇷 🇮🇹 🇯🇵



How it started



How it's going





Yassine
Benabbas



DevRel / Teacher

Video game collector

💖 Kotlin, WASM, or any fancy technology

WORLDLINE 

#TechAtWorldline



**We design payments technology that
powers the growth of millions of
businesses around the world.**

Handling 150+
payment methods

7000+ engineers in
over 40 countries

Managing 43+ billion
transactions per year



#TechAtWorldline

blog.worldline.tech

PROLOGUE

WebAssembly

Web Assembly (WASM)

- Portable binary instruction format
- Initially targeted for web browsers



Web Assembly (WASM)

- Portable binary instruction format
- Initially targeted for web browsers



- Faster than JS on compute intensive tasks
- Many programming languages compile to WASM

wasm file

1	00	61	73	6d	01	00	00	00	01	05	01	60	00	01	7f	03	.asm.....`.
2	02	01	00	07	16	01	12	67	65	74	55	6e	69	76	65	72	getUniver
3	73	61	6c	4e	75	6d	62	65	72	00	00	0a	06	01	04	00	salNumber.....
4	41	2a	0b	00	0a	04	6e	61	6d	65	02	03	01	00	00		A*....name.....

wasm file

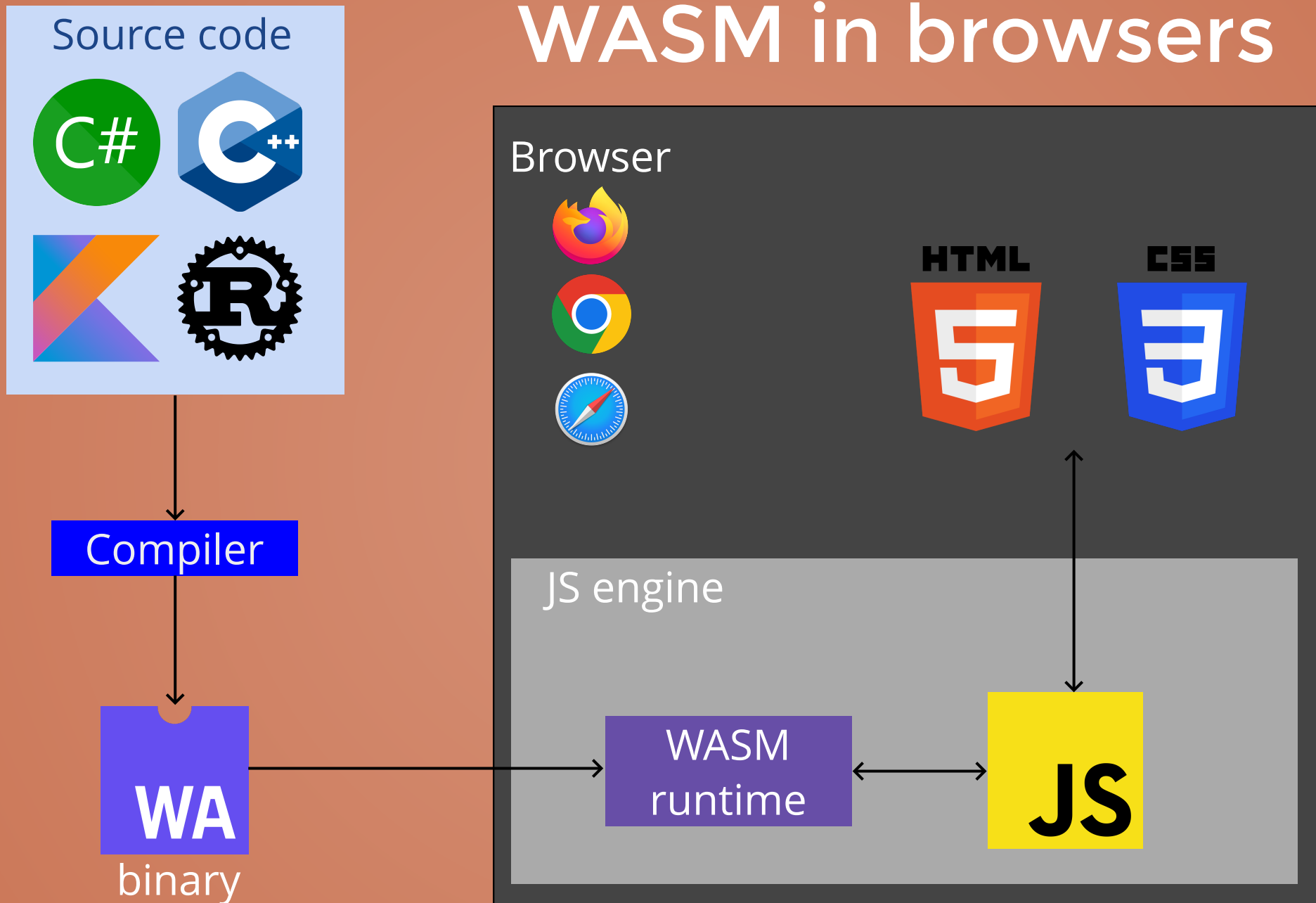
1	00	61	73	6d	01	00	00	00	01	05	01	60	00	01	7f	03	.asm.....`.....
2	02	01	00	07	16	01	12	67	65	74	55	6e	69	76	65	72	getUniver
3	73	61	6c	4e	75	6d	62	65	72	00	00	0a	06	01	04	00	salNumber.....
4	41	2a	0b	00	0a	04	6e	61	6d	65	02	03	01	00	00		A*....name.....

<https://github.com/WebAssembly/wabt>

wat format (human readable)

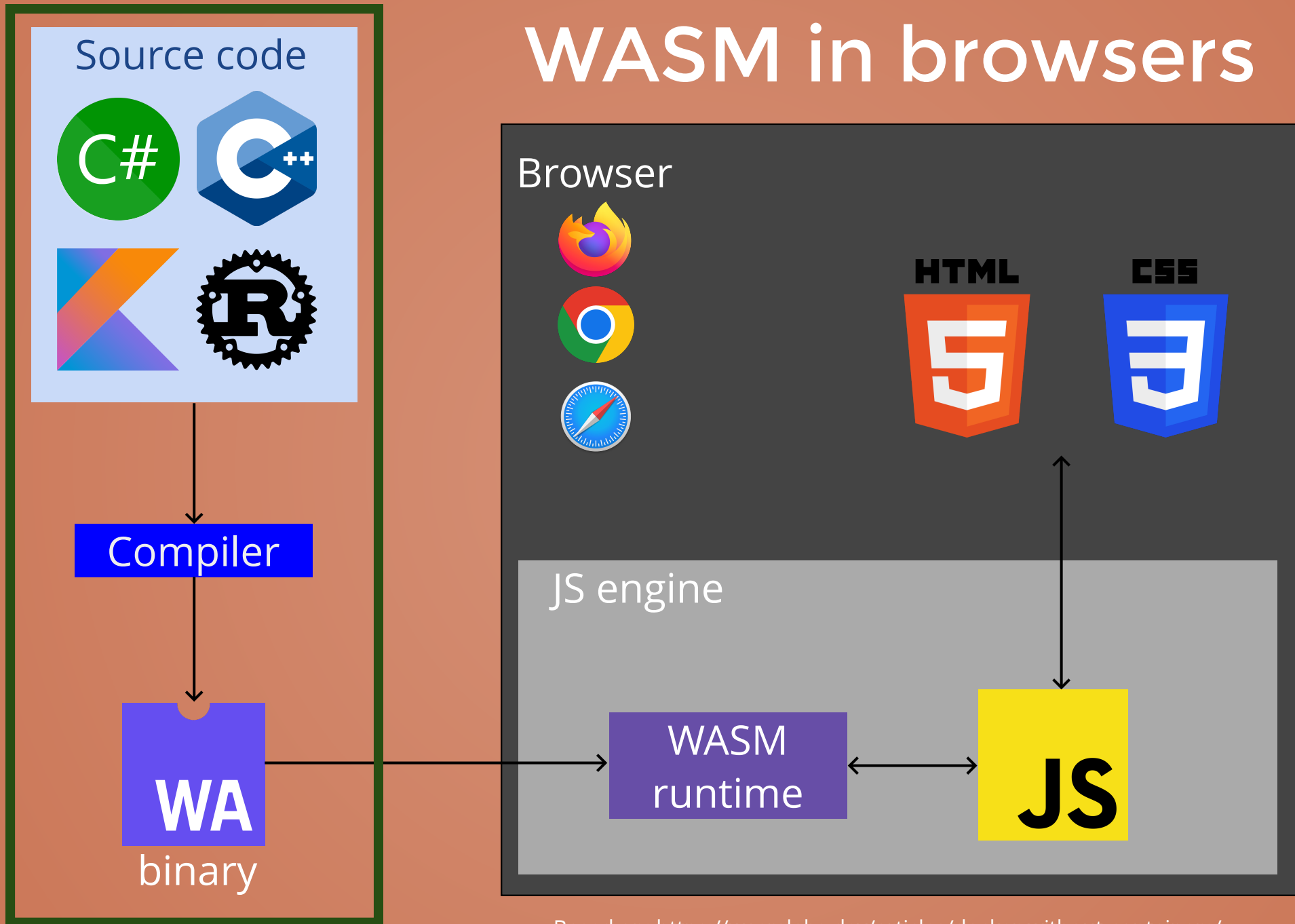
```
1 (module
2   (func (result i32)
3     (i32.const 42)
4   )
5   (export "getUniversalNumber" (func 0))
6 )
```

WASM in browsers



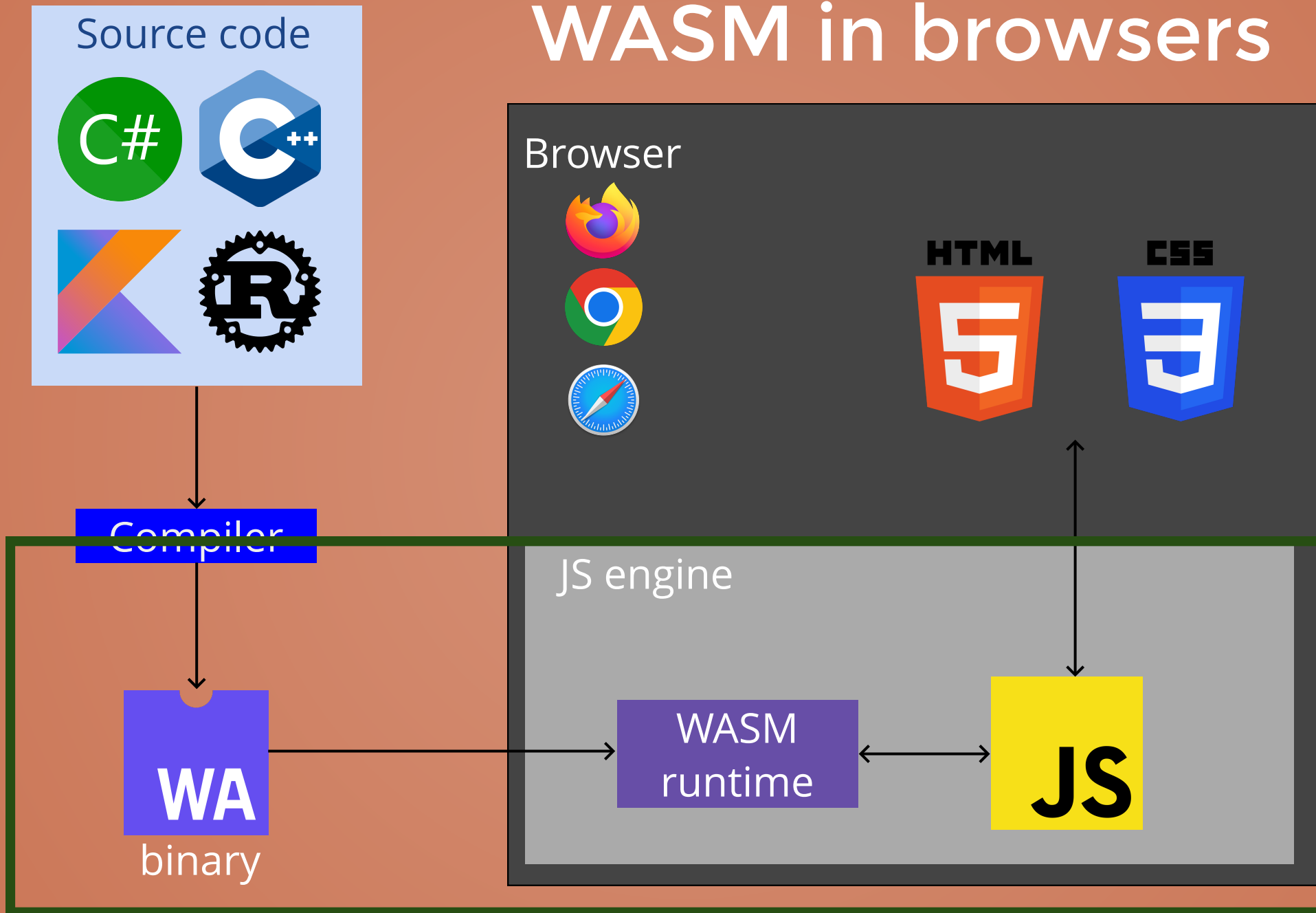
Based on: <https://wasmlabs.dev/articles/docker-without-containers/>

WASM in browsers



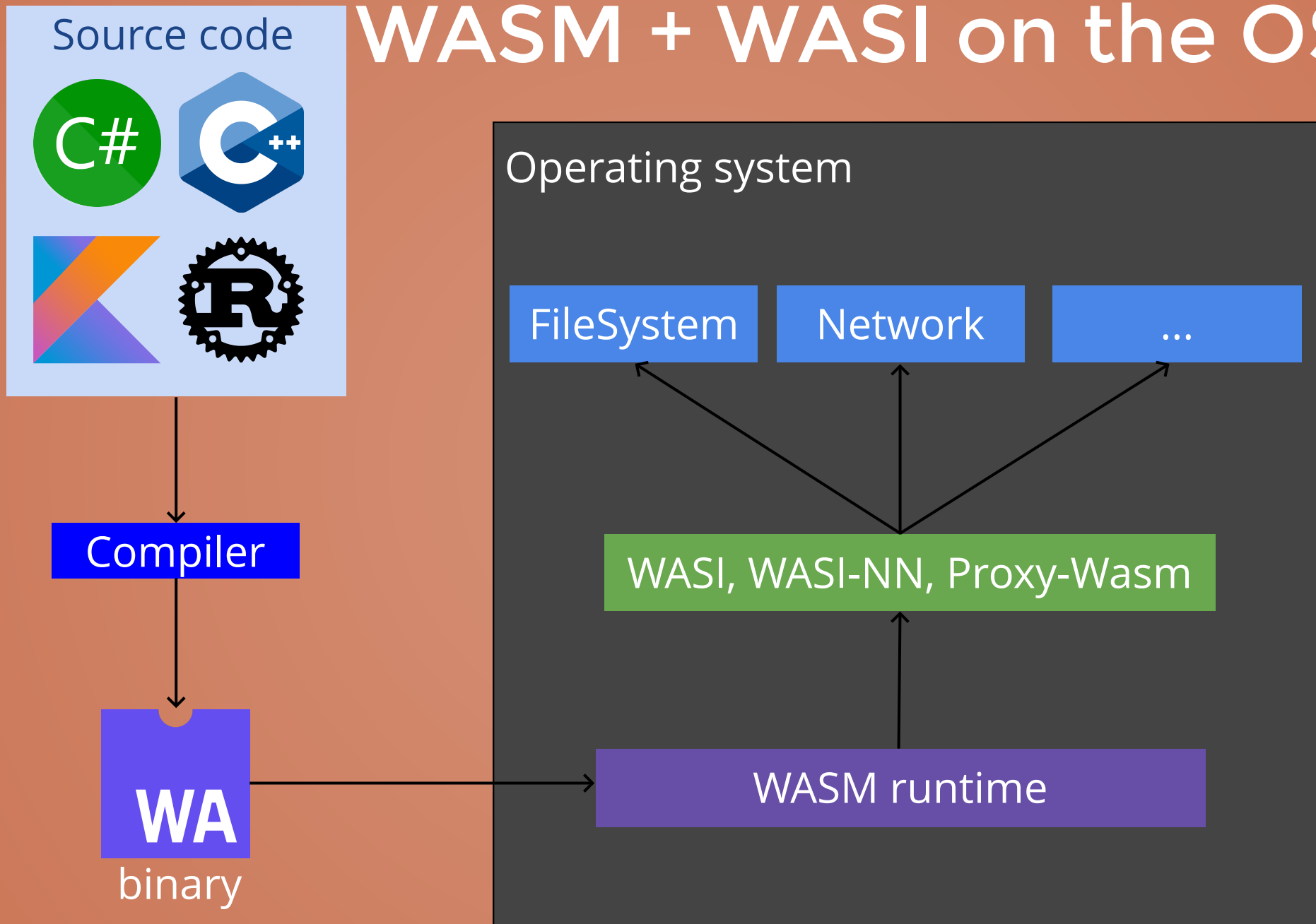
Based on: <https://wasmlabs.dev/articles/docker-without-containers/>

WASM in browsers



Based on: <https://wasmfads.dev/articles/docker-without-containers/>

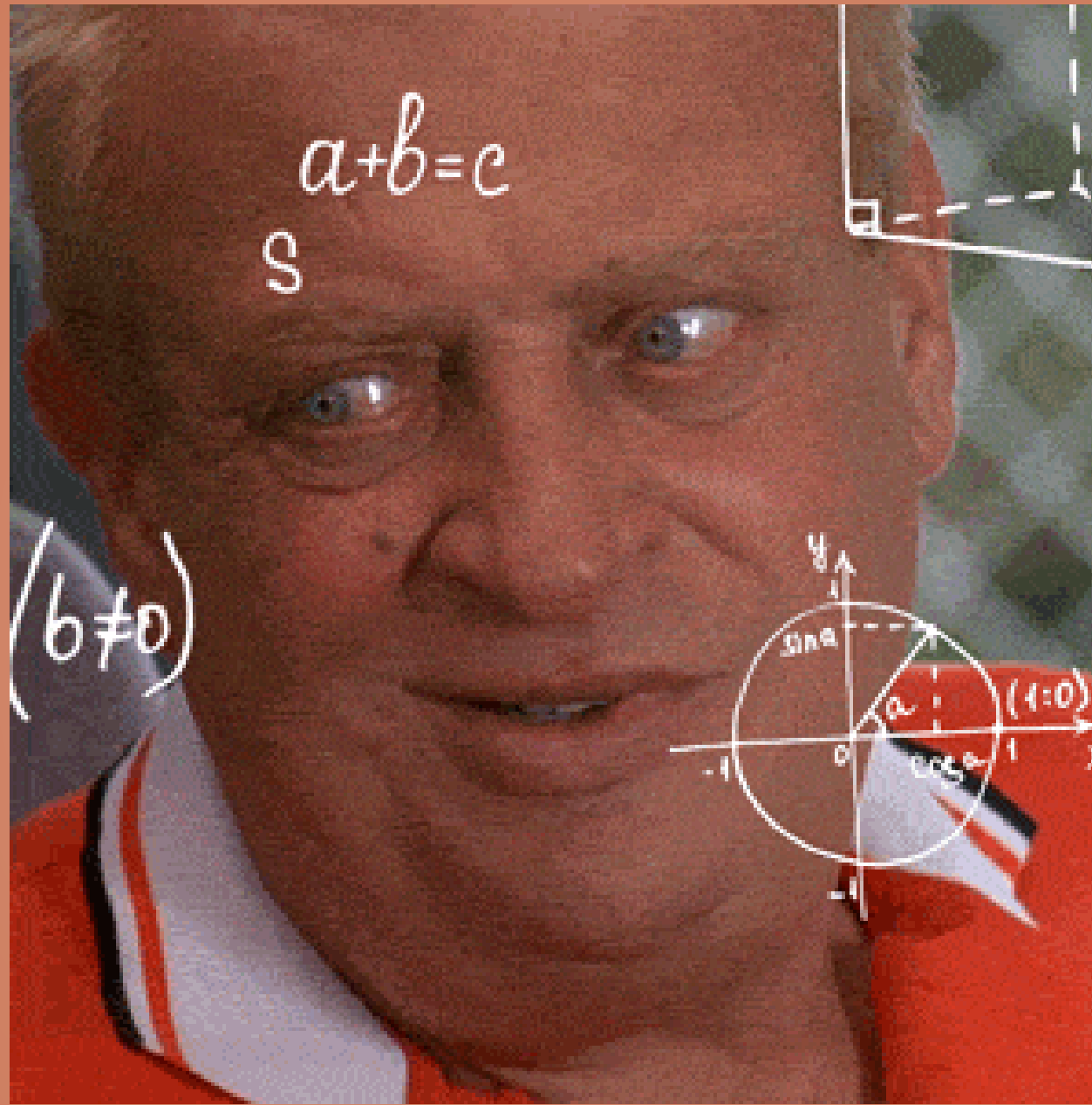
WASM + WASI on the OS



Based on: <https://wasmlabs.dev/articles/docker-without-containers/>

WASM on the browser

- A lot of languages compile to WASM
- JS interop



Need to do something related to WASM

CHAPTER 1

.NET AND WASM



.NET on the browser

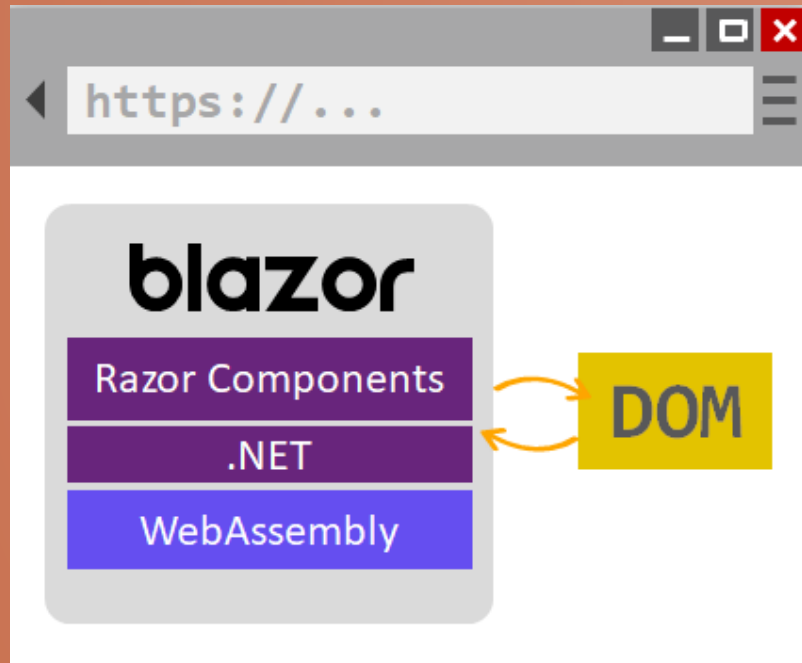
- .NET: C# OSS cross-platform framework



.NET on the browser



- .NET: C# OSS cross-platform framework
- .Net 5 (2020): Blazor WASM
 - Component-based framework
 - .Net runtime compiled into WASM

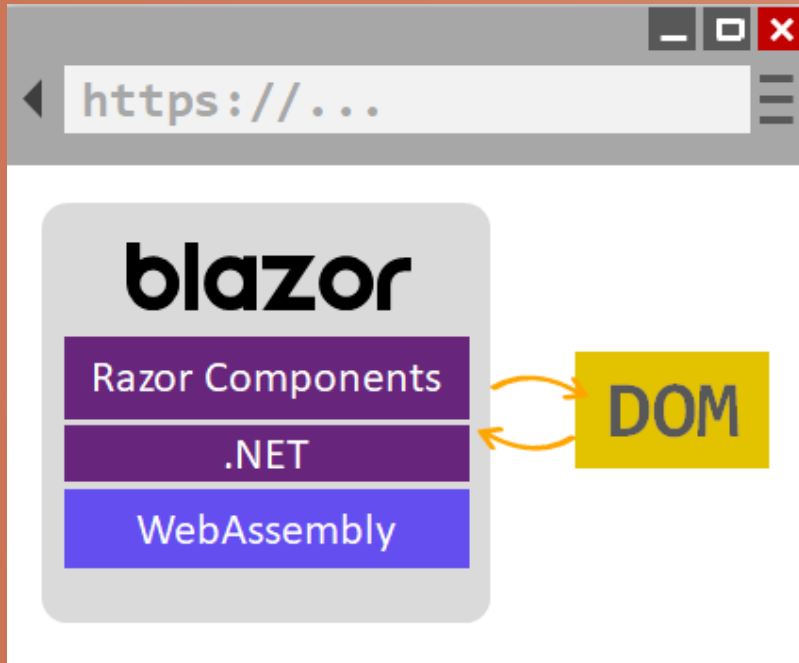




.NET on the browser



- .NET: C# OSS cross-platform framework
- .Net 5 (2020): Blazor WASM
 - Component-based framework
 - .Net runtime compiled into WASM



```
1 @page "/counter"
2
3 <h1>Counter</h1>
4 <p>Current count: @currentCount</p>
5 <button @onclick="IncrementCount">Click me</button>
6
7 @code {
8     private int currentCount = 0;
9     private void IncrementCount() { currentCount++; }
10 }
```

Current count: 0

Click me



.NET 7+

wasm-tools

- Call .Net from JS and vice-versa
- Basis of Blazor WASM

```
1 public partial class MyClass
2 {
3     [JSExport]
4     internal static string Greeting()
5     {
6         var text = $"Hello, {GetHref()}";
7         Console.WriteLine(text);
8         return text;
9     }
10
11     [JSImport("window.location.href", "main.js")]
12     internal static partial string GetHref();
13 }
```

C#

```
1 setModuleImports('main.js', {
2     window: {
3         location: {
4             href: () => globalThis.window.location.href
5         }
6     }
7 });
8
9 const text = exports.MyClass.Greeting();
10 console.log(text);
```

JS

.NET 7+

wasm-tools

- Call .Net from JS and vice-versa
- Basis of Blazor WASM

```
1 public partial class MyClass
2 {
3     [JSImport]
4     internal static string Greeting()
5     {
6         var text = $"Hello, {GetHref()}";
7         Console.WriteLine(text);
8         return text;
9     }
10
11     [JSImport("window.location.href", "main.js")]
12     internal static partial string GetHref();
13 }
```

C#

```
1 setModuleImports('main.js', {
2     window: {
3         location: {
4             href: () => globalThis.window.location.href
5         }
6     }
7 });
8
9 const text = exports.MyClass.Greeting();
10 console.log(text);
```

JS

.NET 7+

wasm-tools

- Call .Net from JS and vice-versa
- Basis of Blazor WASM

```
1 public partial class MyClass
2 {
3     [JSImport]
4     internal static string Greeting()
5     {
6         var text = $"Hello, {GetHref()}";
7         Console.WriteLine(text);
8         return text;
9     }
10
11     [JSImport("window.location.href", "main.js")]
12     internal static partial string GetHref();
13 }
```

C#

```
1 setModuleImports('main.js', {
2     window: {
3         location: {
4             href: () => globalThis.window.location.href
5         }
6     }
7 });
8
9 const text = exports.MyClass.Greeting();
10 console.log(text);
```

JS

.NET 7+

wasm-tools

- Call .Net from JS and vice-versa
- Basis of Blazor WASM

Blazor WASM



Webapp or front dev

wasm-tools



general purpose

C#

```
1 public partial class MyClass
2 {
3     [JSExport]
4     internal static string Greeting()
5     {
6         var text = $"Hello, {GetHref()}";
7         Console.WriteLine(text);
8         return text;
9     }
10
11     [JSImport("window.location.href", "main.js")]
12     internal static partial string GetHref();
13 }
```

JS

```
1 setModuleImports('main.js', {
2     window: {
3         location: {
4             href: () => globalThis.window.location.href
5         }
6     }
7 });
8
9 const text = exports.MyClass.Greeting();
10 console.log(text);
```



Let's port a .NET game !

CHAPTER 2

MANAGED DOOM

Game porting

- Make a game run in platforms other than its original ones
- By rewriting / adapting the source code for the new platform(s)
- Not porting: virtual machine or emulator



Game porting

- Make a game run in platforms other than its original ones
- By rewriting / adapting the source code for the new platform(s)
- Not porting: virtual machine or emulator



MVG's video is a great source of inspiration

DOOM

- Released in 1993 for DOS
- One the most successful First Person Shooters
- Has two parts:
 - **engine: Game logic + I/O**
 - WAD file: all assets and maps



★ Doom is portable by design ★

Ported to a LOT of platforms



<http://mrglitchreviews.blogspot.com/2012/09/doom-console-ports.html>

25 official licensed ports <https://www.thegamer.com/doom-how-many-platforms-ports-consoles>



<https://www.link-cable.com/top-10-weird-doom-ports/>



Source: <https://www.yahoo.com/news/1995-bill-gates-gave-crazy-180900044.html>

ManagedDoom

- **.NET** Port of [LinuxDoom](#) (official source code)
- ManagedDoom V1 Uses [SFML](#) (graphics + audio + input)
 - V2 uses [silk.net](#) (released 27 Dec 2022)
- My work is a fork of **ManagedDoom V1**

ManagedDoom

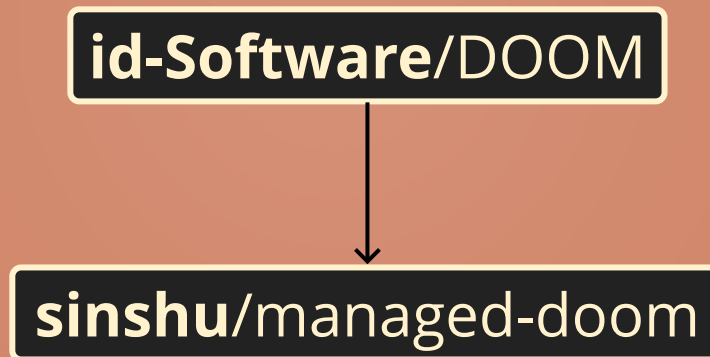
- **.NET** Port of [LinuxDoom](#) (official source code)
- ManagedDoom V1 Uses [SFML](#) (graphics + audio + input)
 - V2 uses [silk.net](#) (released 27 Dec 2022)
- My work is a fork of **ManagedDoom V1**

id-Software/DOOM



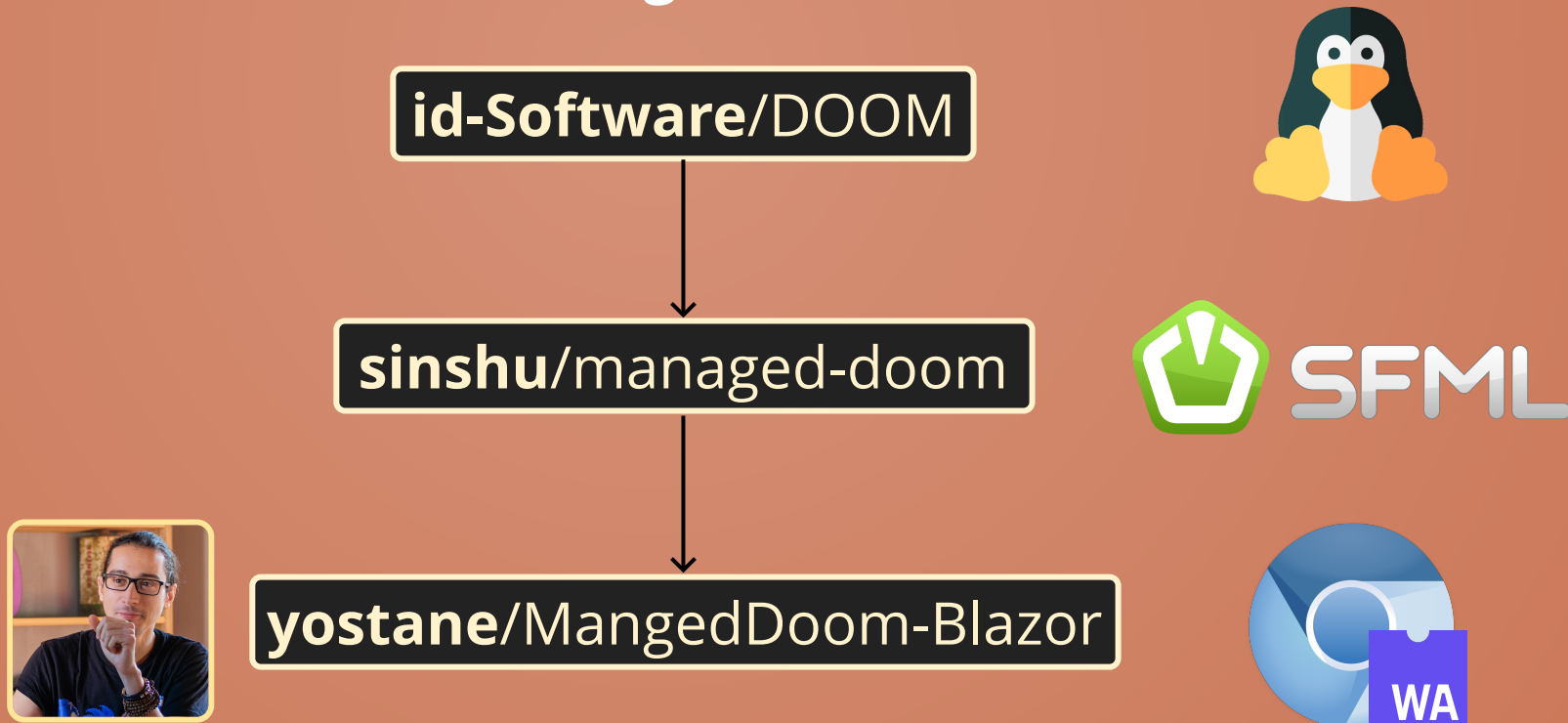
ManagedDoom

- **.NET** Port of [LinuxDoom](#) (official source code)
- ManagedDoom V1 Uses [SFML](#) (graphics + audio + input)
 - V2 uses [silk.net](#) (released 27 Dec 2022)
- My work is a fork of **ManagedDoom V1**



ManagedDoom

- .NET Port of [LinuxDoom](#) (official source code)
- ManagedDoom V1 Uses [SFML](#) (graphics + audio + input)
 - V2 uses [silk.net](#) (released 27 Dec 2022)
- My work is a fork of **ManagedDoom V1**



CHAPTER 3

MAKING THE PORT

Game loop in C#

```
while (waitForNextFrame()){  
    const input = getPlayerInput();  
    const { frame, audio }  
        = UpdateGameState(input, WAD);  
    render(frame);  
    play(audio);  
}
```

Game loop in JS

```
1  function gameLoop() {  
2      if (canAdvanceFrame()) {  
3          const input = getPlayerInput();  
4          const { frame, audio }  
5              = UpdateGameState(input, WAD);  
6          render(frame);  
7          play(audio);  
8      }  
9      requestAnimationFrame(gameLoop);  
10 }  
11 requestAnimationFrame(gameLoop);
```

Game loop in JS

```
1  function gameLoop() {  
2    if (canAdvanceFrame()) {  
3      const input = getPlayerInput();  
4      const { frame, audio }  
5        = UpdateGameState(input, WAD);  
6      render(frame);  
7      play(audio);  
8    }  
9    requestAnimationFrame(gameLoop);  
10 }  
11 requestAnimationFrame(gameLoop);
```

Game loop in JS

```
1  function gameLoop(){
2      if (canAdvanceFrame()){
3          const input = getPlayerInput();
4          const { frame, audio }
5              = UpdateGameState(input, WAD);
6          render(frame);
7          play(audio);
8      }
9      requestAnimationFrame(gameLoop);
10 }
11 requestAnimationFrame(gameLoop);
```

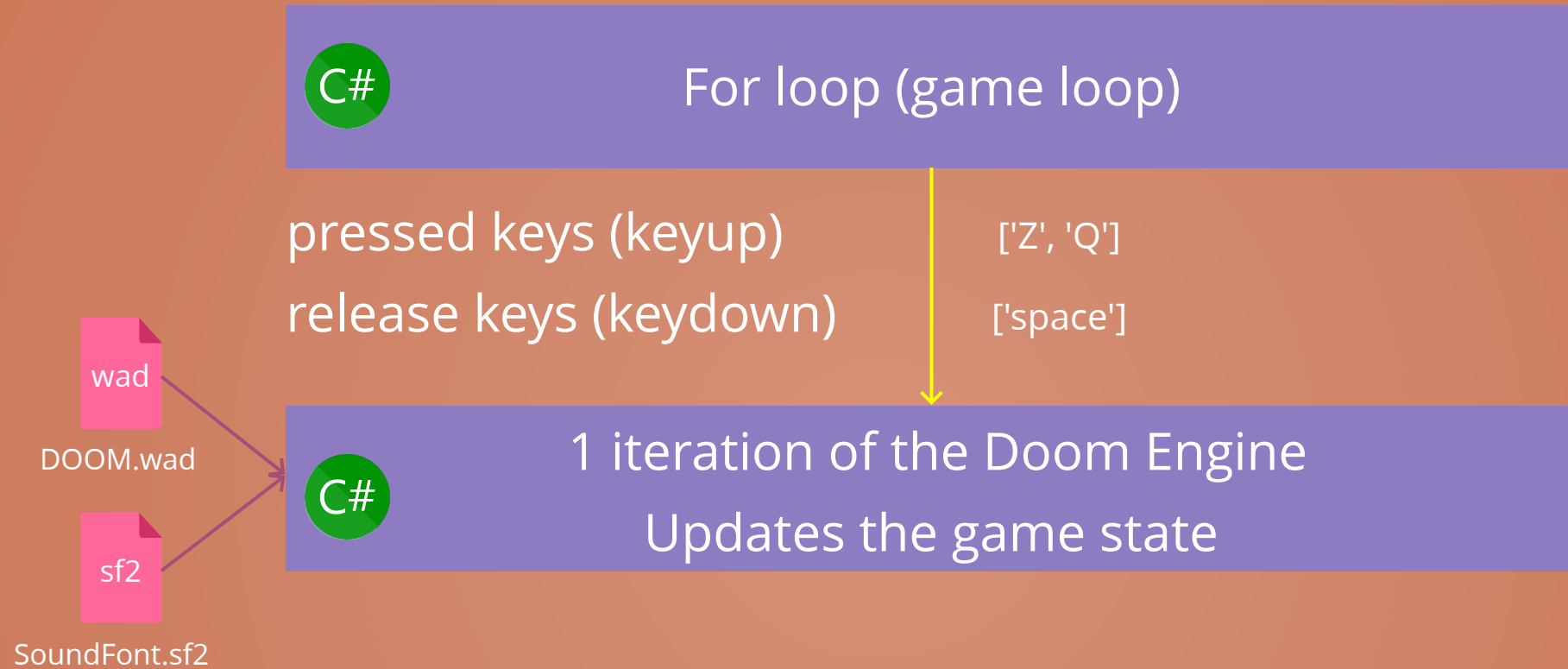
ManagedDoom V1 architecture

ManagedDoom V1 architecture

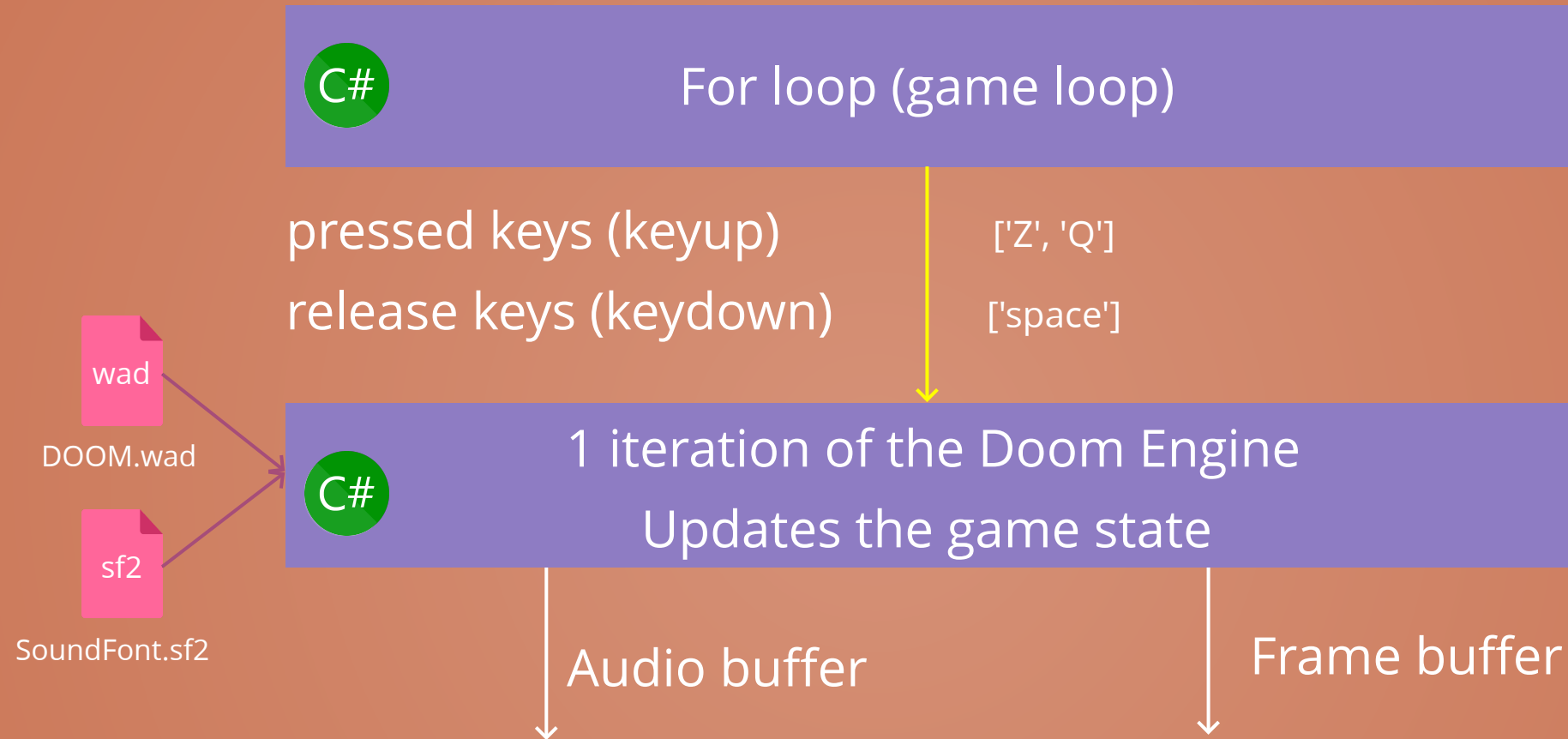


For loop (game loop)

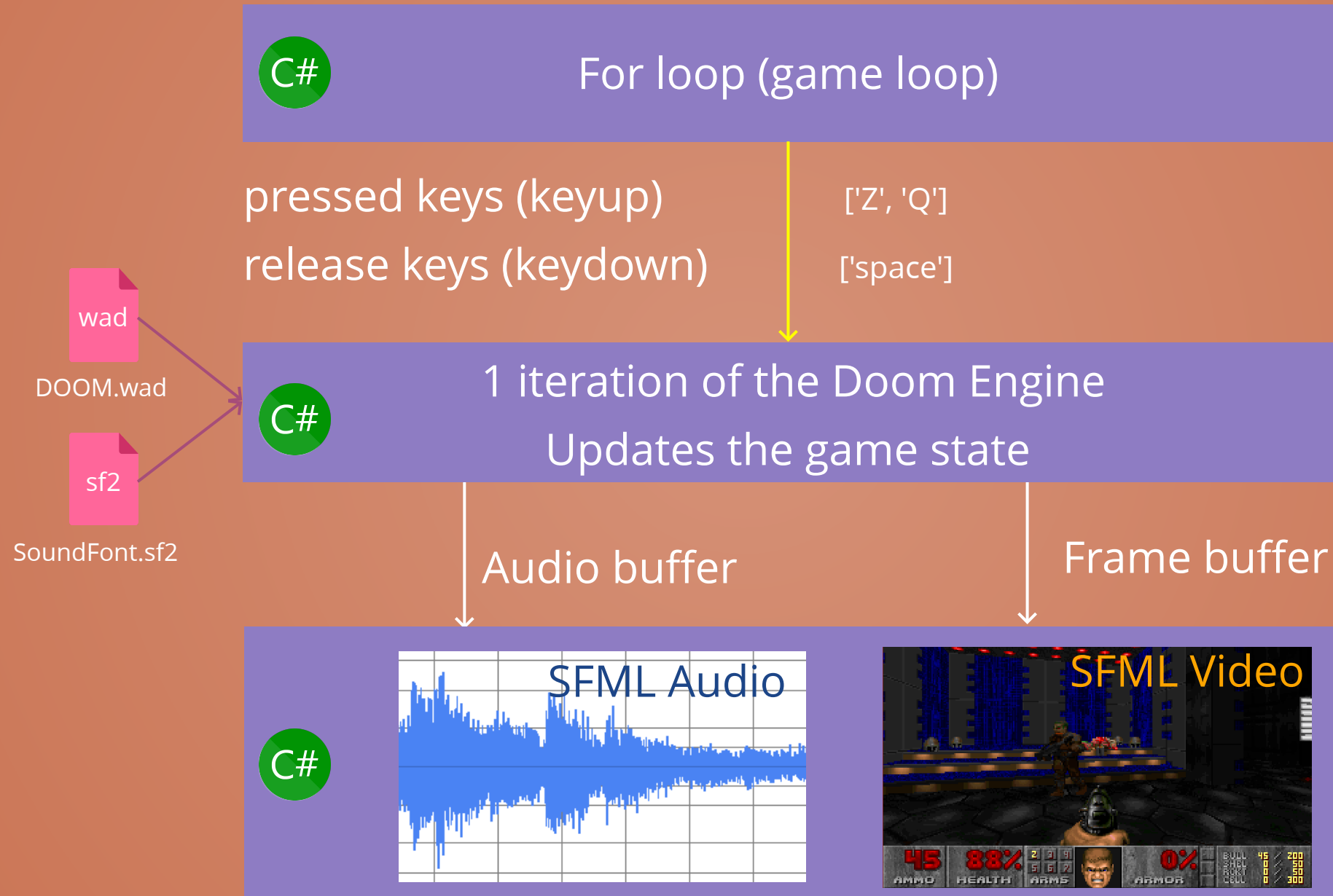
ManagedDoom V1 architecture



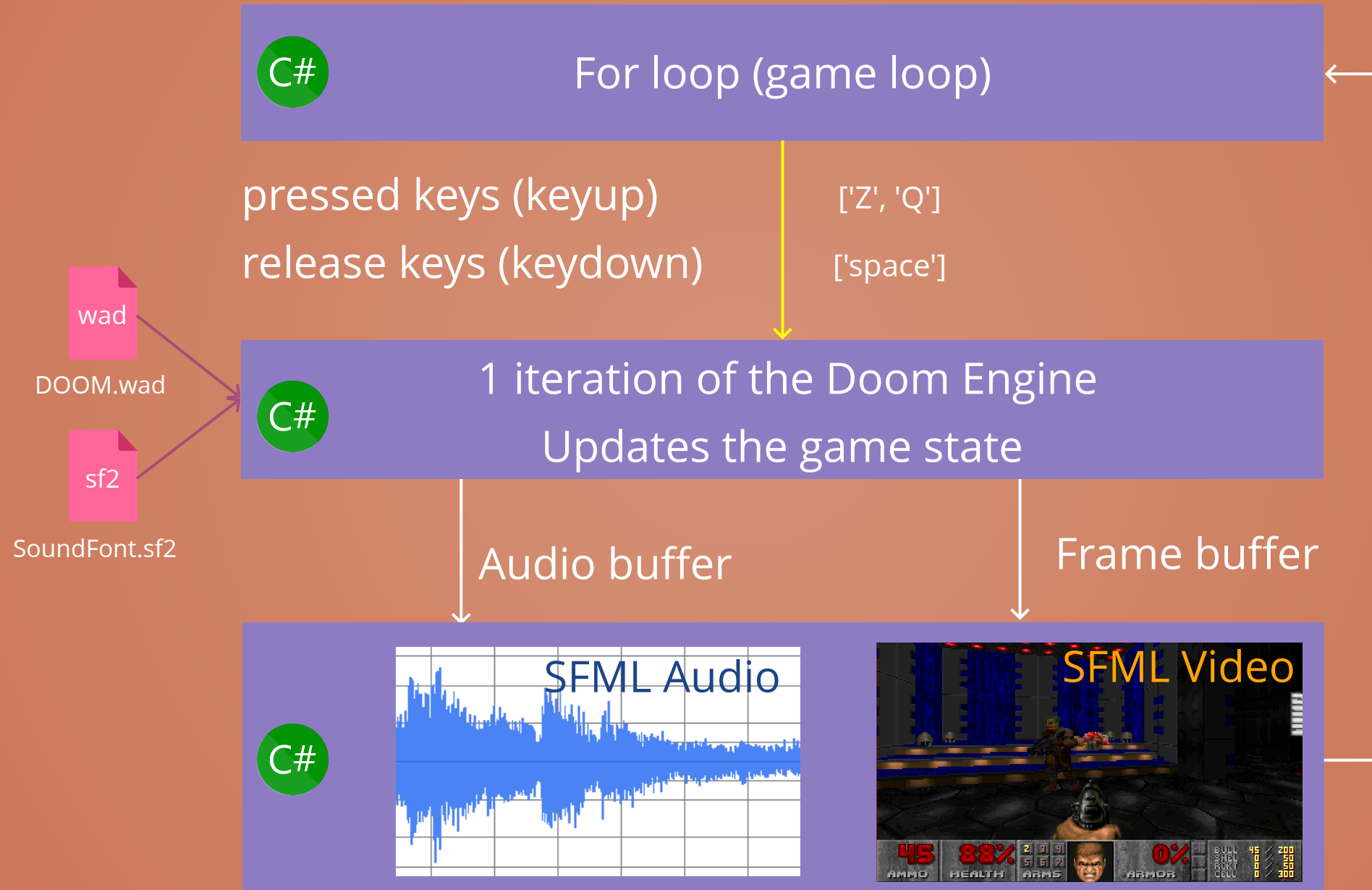
ManagedDoom V1 architecture



ManagedDoom V1 architecture



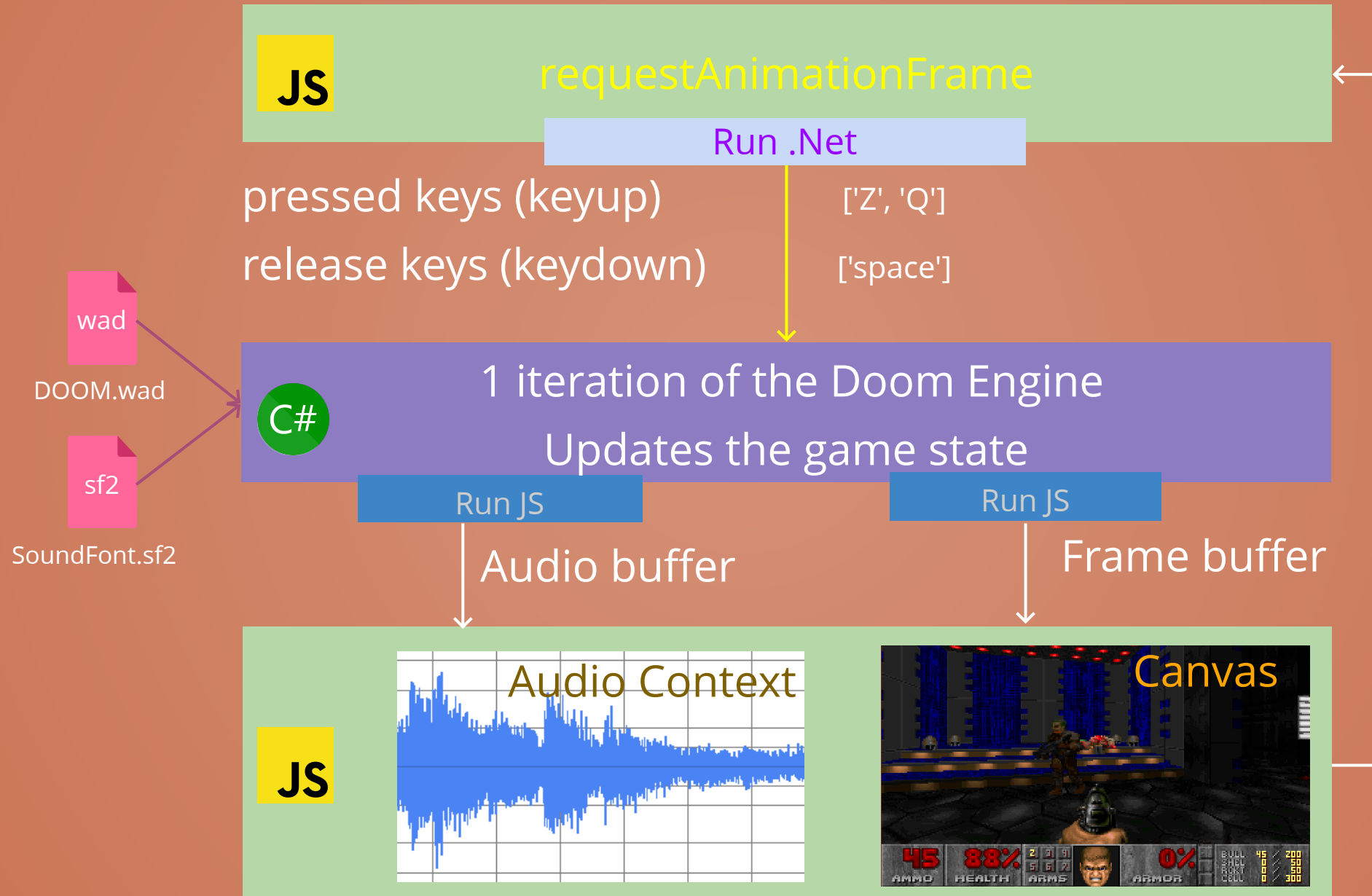
ManagedDoom V1 architecture



ManagedDoom V1 architecture



Blazor Doom architecture



Porting strategy

- Clone **sinshu/managed-doom** and compile to **.NET WASM**
- Reverse engineer SFML:



creator.nightcafe.studio

Porting strategy

- Clone **sinshu/managed-doom** and compile to **.NET WASM**
- Reverse engineer SFML:
 - Put empty implementations where it fails and mark them ("*TODO: implement*")



creator.nightcafe.studio

Porting strategy

- Clone **sinshu/managed-doom** and compile to **.NET WASM**
- Reverse engineer SFML:
 - Put empty implementations where it fails and mark them ("*TODO: implement*")
 - Implement little by little using guesswork and logic



creator.nightcafe.studio

Porting strategy

- Clone **sinshu/managed-doom** and compile to **.NET WASM**
- Reverse engineer SFML:
 - Put empty implementations where it fails and mark them ("*TODO: implement*")
 - Implement little by little using guesswork and logic
 - Delegate to JS when necessary



creator.nightcafe.studio

Example:

SFML.Audio.SoundBuffer is not available

```
1 using SFML.Audio; // Not available
2
3 namespace ManagedDoom.Audio
4 {
5     public sealed class SfmlSound : ISound, IDisposable
6     {
7         private SoundBuffer[] buffers;
8     }
9 }
```

So, let's reverse-engineer it

```
1 namespace SFML.Audio
2 {
3     public class SoundBuffer
4     {
5         public SoundBuffer(short[] samples, int v, uint sampleRate)
6         {
7             // TODO: implement
8         }
9
10        internal void Dispose()
11        {
12            // TODO: implement
13        }
14    }
15 }
```

```
1 namespace SFML.Audio
2 {
3     public class SoundBuffer
4     {
5         public short[] samples;
6         private int v;
7         public uint sampleRate;
8
9         public SoundBuffer(short[] samples, int v, uint sampleRate)
10        {
11            this.samples = samples;
12            this.v = v;
13            this.sampleRate = sampleRate;
14        }
15
16        public Time Duration { get; internal set; }
17
18        internal void Dispose()
19        {
20            // TODO: implement
21        }
22    }
23 }
```

CHAPTER 4

KNEE-DEEP IN THE CODE

CHAPTER 4

KNEE-DEEP IN THE CODE

Entry point



```
1 <html>
2   <head>
3     <!-- Start the game loop -->
4     <script type="module" src="./main.js"></script>
5     <!-- Load the .net runtime and our compiled C# code ! -->
6     <script type="module" src="./dotnet.js"></script>
7     <link rel="prefetch" href="./dotnet.wasm"/>
8   </head>
9   <body>
10    <canvas id="canvas" width="320" height="200"
11      style="image-rendering: pixelated" />
12  </body>
13 </html>
```

Entry point



```
1 <html>
2   <head>
3     <!-- Start the game loop -->
4     <script type="module" src="./main.js"></script>
5     <!-- Load the .net runtime and our compiled C# code ! -->
6     <script type="module" src="./dotnet.js"></script>
7     <link rel="prefetch" href="./dotnet.wasm"/>
8   </head>
9   <body>
10    <canvas id="canvas" width="320" height="200"
11      style="image-rendering: pixelated" />
12  </body>
13 </html>
```

Entry point



```
1 <html>
2   <head>
3     <!-- Start the game loop -->
4     <script type="module" src="./main.js"></script>
5     <!-- Load the .net runtime and our compiled C# code ! -->
6     <script type="module" src="./dotnet.js"></script>
7     <link rel="prefetch" href="./dotnet.wasm"/>
8   </head>
9   <body>
10    <canvas id="canvas" width="320" height="200"
11      style="image-rendering: pixelated" />
12  </body>
13 </html>
```

Entry point



```
1 <html>
2   <head>
3     <!-- Start the game loop -->
4     <script type="module" src="./main.js"></script>
5     <!-- Load the .net runtime and our compiled C# code ! -->
6     <script type="module" src="./dotnet.js"></script>
7     <link rel="prefetch" href="./dotnet.wasm"/>
8   </head>
9   <body>
10    <canvas id="canvas" width="320" height="200"
11      style="image-rendering: pixelated" />
12  </body>
13 </html>
```

Running the gameloop

main.js

```
1 import { dotnet } from "./dotnet.js";
2 const { getAssemblyExports, getConfig } = await dotnet.create();
3 const exports = await getAssemblyExports(getConfig().mainAssemblyName);
4 await dotnet.run();
5
6 function gameLoop(timestamp) {
7     if (timestamp - lastFrameTimestamp >= 1000 / 30) {
8         lastFrameTimestamp = timestamp;
9         exports.BlazorDoom.MainJS.UpdateGameState(keys);
10    }
11    requestAnimationFrame(gameLoop);
12 }
```

JS

Running the gameloop

main.js

```
1 import { dotnet } from "./dotnet.js";
2 const { getAssemblyExports, getConfig } = await dotnet.create();
3 const exports = await getAssemblyExports(getConfig().mainAssemblyName);
4 await dotnet.run();
5
6 function gameLoop(timestamp) {
7     if (timestamp - lastFrameTimestamp >= 1000 / 30) {
8         lastFrameTimestamp = timestamp;
9         exports.BlazorDoom.MainJS.UpdateGameState(keys);
10    }
11    requestAnimationFrame(gameLoop);
12 }
```

JS

Running the gameloop

main.js

```
1 import { dotnet } from "./dotnet.js";
2 const { getAssemblyExports, getConfig } = await dotnet.create();
3 const exports = await getAssemblyExports(getConfig().mainAssemblyName);
4 await dotnet.run();
5
6 function gameLoop(timestamp) {
7     if (timestamp - lastFrameTimestamp >= 1000 / 30) {
8         lastFrameTimestamp = timestamp;
9         exports.BlazorDoom.MainJS.UpdateGameState(keys);
10    }
11    requestAnimationFrame(gameLoop);
12 }
```

JS

Running the gameloop

main.js

```
1 import { dotnet } from "./dotnet.js";
2 const { getAssemblyExports, getConfig } = await dotnet.create();
3 const exports = await getAssemblyExports(getConfig().mainAssemblyName);
4 await dotnet.run();
5
6 function gameLoop(timestamp) {
7     if (timestamp - lastFrameTimestamp >= 1000 / 30) {
8         lastFrameTimestamp = timestamp;
9         exports.BlazorDoom.MainJS.UpdateGameState(keys);
10    }
11    requestAnimationFrame(gameLoop);
12 }
```

JS

Running the gameloop

main.js

```
1 import { dotnet } from "./dotnet.js";
2 const { getAssemblyExports, getConfig } = await dotnet.create();
3 const exports = await getAssemblyExports(getConfig().mainAssemblyName);
4 await dotnet.run();
5
6 function gameLoop(timestamp) {
7     if (timestamp - lastFrameTimestamp >= 1000 / 30) {
8         lastFrameTimestamp = timestamp;
9         exports.BlazorDoom.MainJS.UpdateGameState(keys);
10    }
11    requestAnimationFrame(gameLoop);
12 }
```

JS

Running the gameloop

main.js

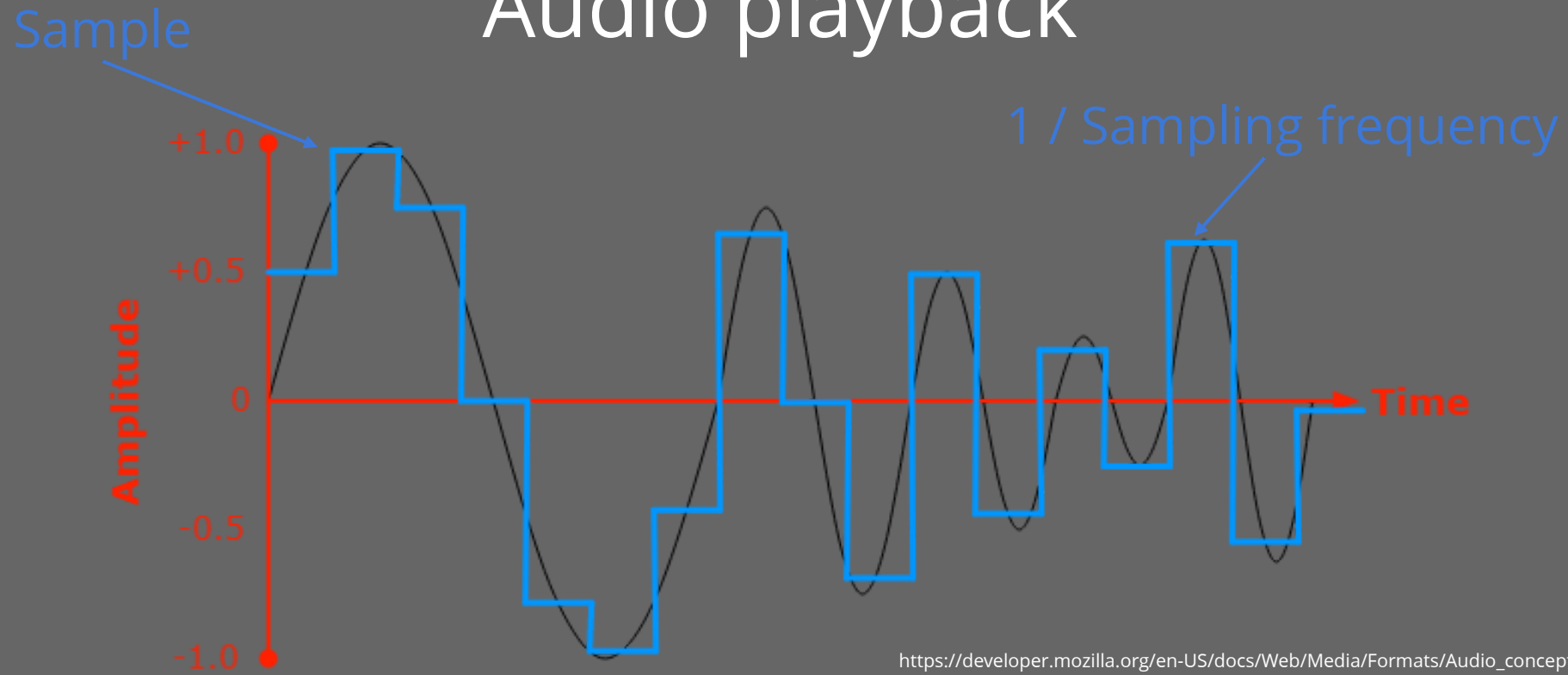
```
1 import { dotnet } from "./dotnet.js";
2 const { getAssemblyExports, getConfig } = await dotnet.create();
3 const exports = await getAssemblyExports(getConfig().mainAssemblyName);
4 await dotnet.run();
5
6 function gameLoop(timestamp) {
7     if (timestamp - lastFrameTimestamp >= 1000 / 30) {
8         lastFrameTimestamp = timestamp;
9         exports.BlazorDoom.MainJS.UpdateGameState(keys);
10    }
11    requestAnimationFrame(gameLoop);
12 }
```

JS

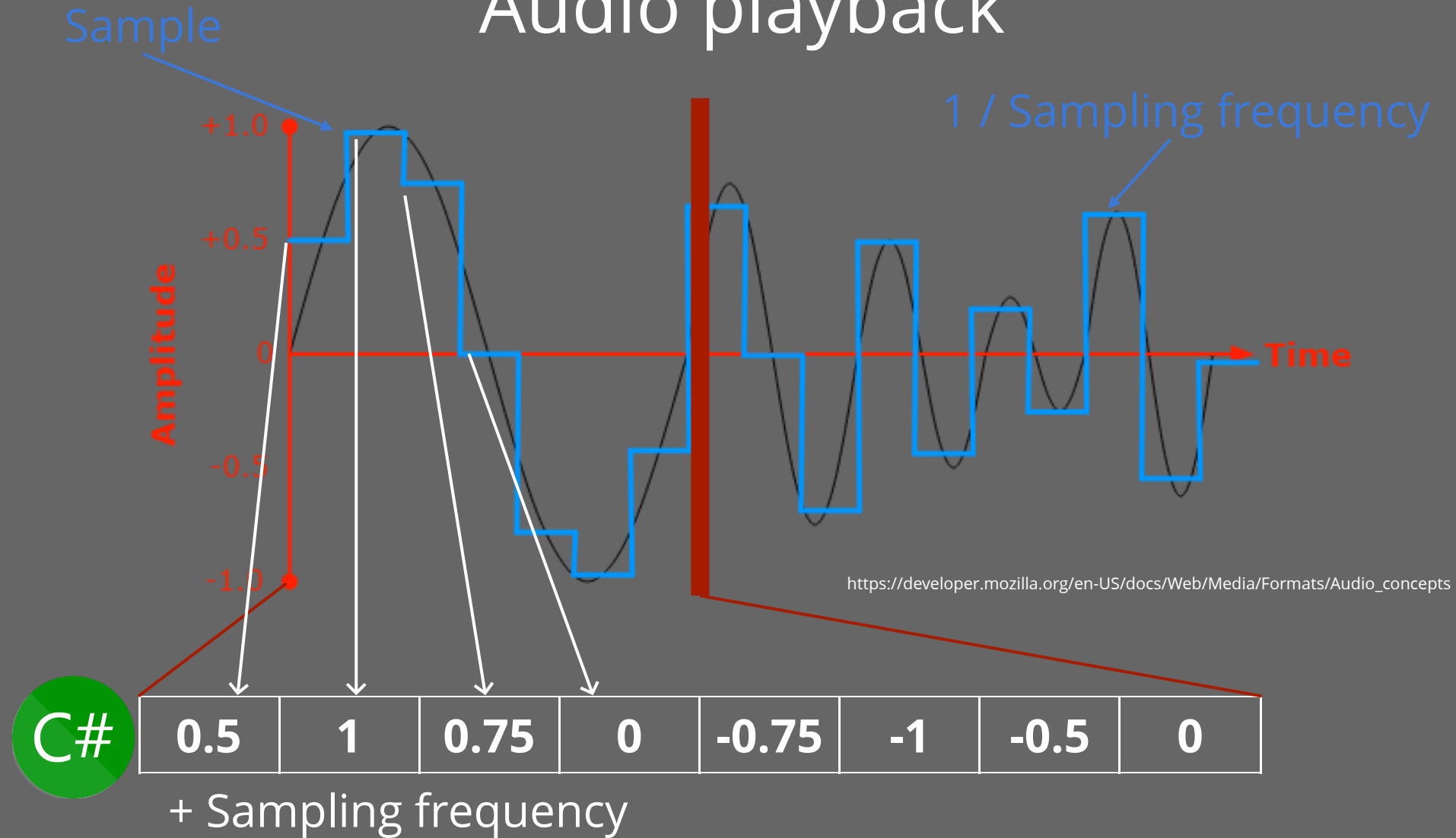
```
1 public partial class MainJS // this name is required
2 {
3     public static void Main()
4     {
5         app = new ManagedDoom.DoomApplication();
6     }
7
8     [JSImport] // Can be imported from JS
9     public static void UpdateGameState(int[] keys)
10    { // computes the next frame and sounds
11        managedDoom.UpdateGameState(keys);
12    }
13 }
```

C#

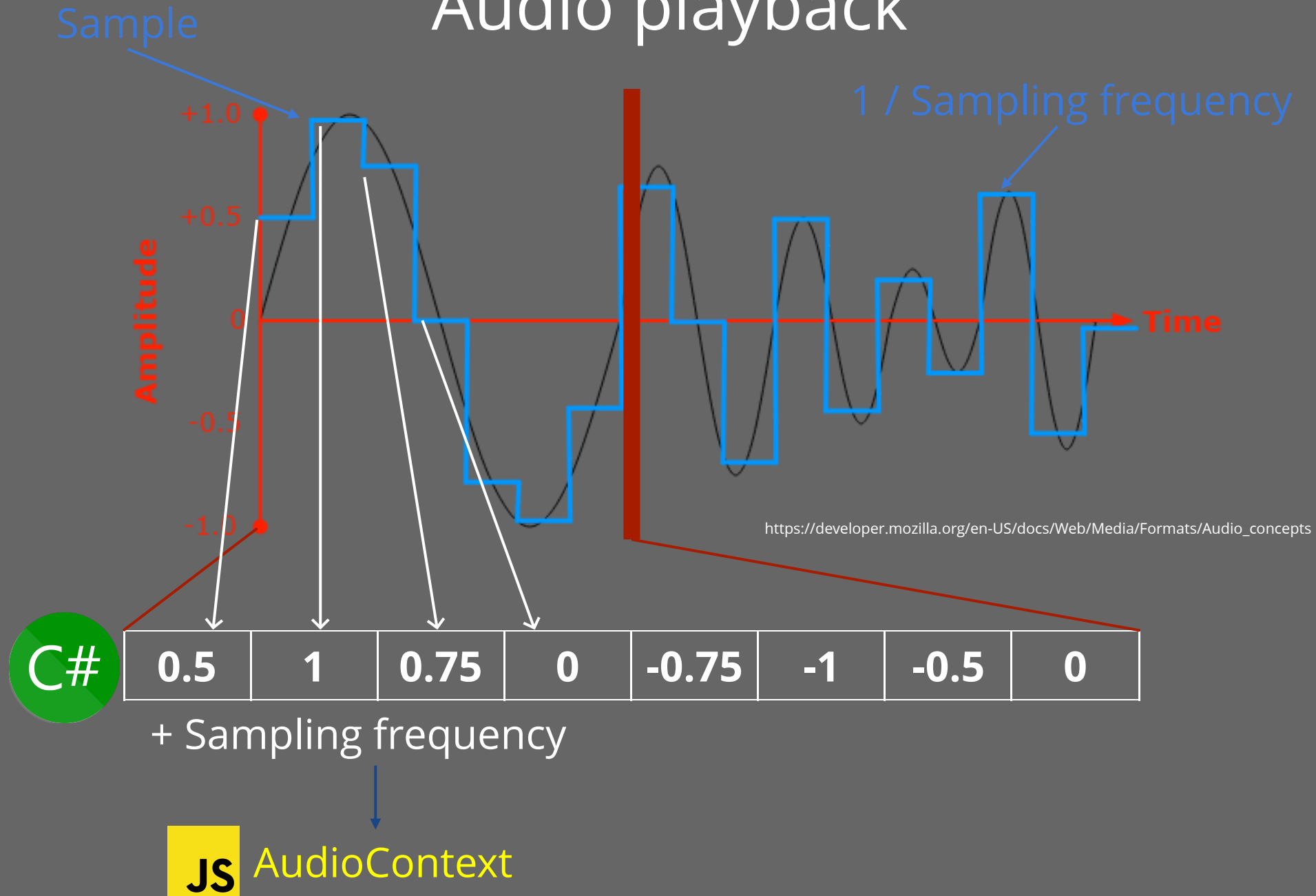
Audio playback



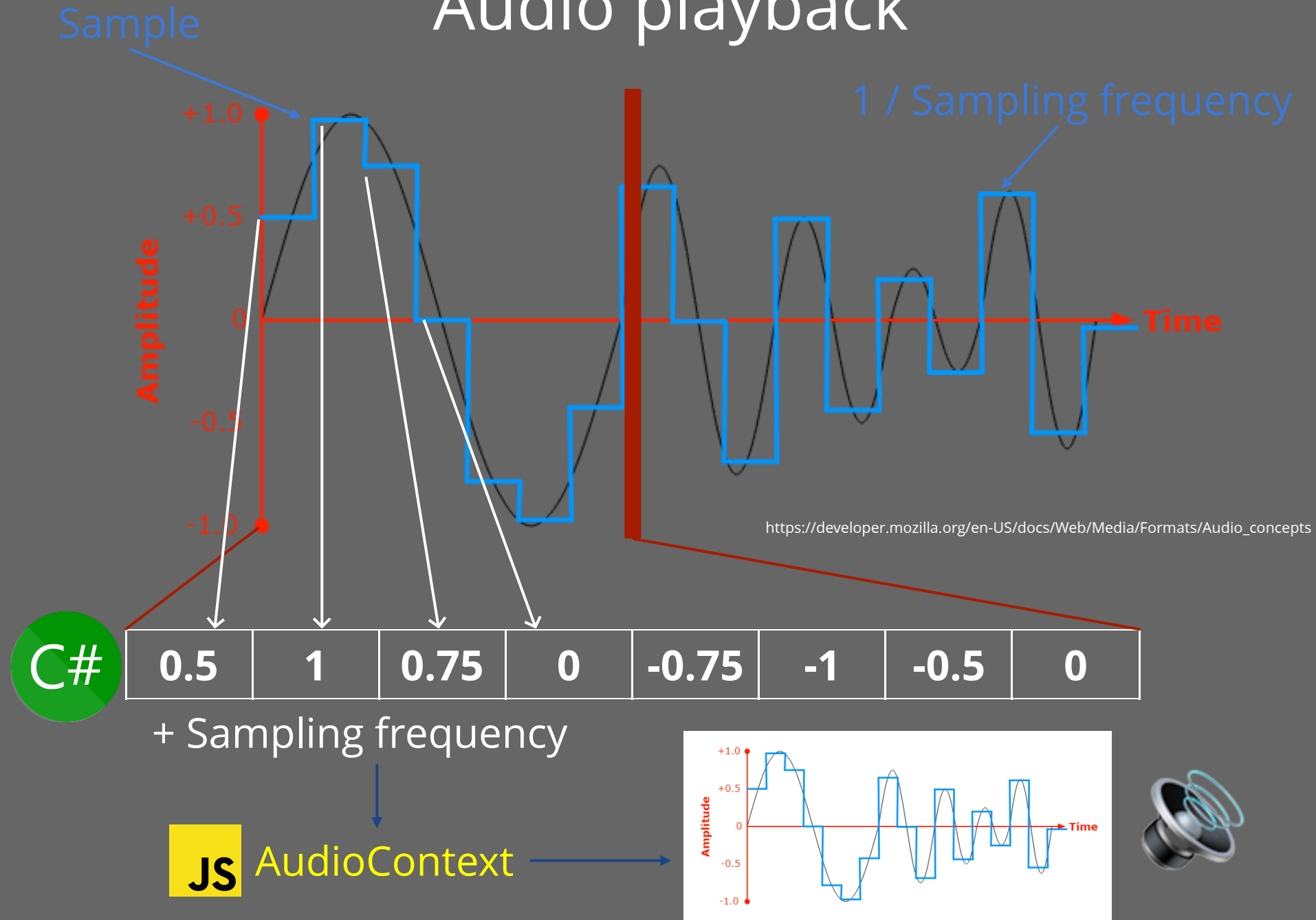
Audio playback



Audio playback



Audio playback



Audio playback

```
1 void PlayCurrentFrameSound(SoundBuffer soundBuffer)
2 {
3     int[] samples = Array.ConvertAll(soundBuffer.samples, Convert.ToInt32);
4     BlazorDoom.Renderer.playSoundOnJS(samples, (int)soundBuffer.sampleRate);
5 }
```

C#

```
1 namespace BlazorDoom
2 {
3     [SupportedOSPlatform("browser")]
4     public partial class Renderer
5     {
6         [JSImport("playSound", "blazorDoom/renderer.js")]
7         internal static partial string playSoundOnJS(
8             int[] samples,
9             int sampleRate
10         );
11     }
12 }
```

C#

Audio playback

JS

```
1 export function playSound(samples, sampleRate) {
2     audioContext = new AudioContext({
3         sampleRate: sampleRate,
4     });
5     const length = samples.length;
6     const audioBuffer = audioContext.createBuffer(
7         1,
8         length,
9         sampleRate
10    );
11
12    var channelData = audioBuffer.getChannelData(0);
13    for (let i = 0; i < length; i++) {
14        // normalize the sample to be between -1 and 1
15        channelData[i] = samples[i] / 0xffff;
16    }
17
18    var source = audioContext.createBufferSource();
19    source.buffer = audioBuffer;
20    source.connect(audioContext.destination);
21    source.start();
22 }
```

Audio playback

JS

```
1 export function playSound(samples, sampleRate) {
2     audioContext = new AudioContext({
3         sampleRate: sampleRate,
4     });
5     const length = samples.length;
6     const audioBuffer = audioContext.createBuffer(
7         1,
8         length,
9         sampleRate
10    );
11
12    var channelData = audioBuffer.getChannelData(0);
13    for (let i = 0; i < length; i++) {
14        // normalize the sample to be between -1 and 1
15        channelData[i] = samples[i] / 0xffff;
16    }
17
18    var source = audioContext.createBufferSource();
19    source.buffer = audioBuffer;
20    source.connect(audioContext.destination);
21    source.start();
22 }
```

Audio playback

JS

```
1  export function playSound(samples, sampleRate) {
2      audioContext = new AudioContext({
3          sampleRate: sampleRate,
4      });
5      const length = samples.length;
6      const audioBuffer = audioContext.createBuffer(
7          1,
8          length,
9          sampleRate
10     );
11
12     var channelData = audioBuffer.getChannelData(0);
13     for (let i = 0; i < length; i++) {
14         // normalize the sample to be between -1 and 1
15         channelData[i] = samples[i] / 0xffff;
16     }
17
18     var source = audioContext.createBufferSource();
19     source.buffer = audioBuffer;
20     source.connect(audioContext.destination);
21     source.start();
22 }
```

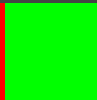
From 1D frame to a 2D frame



Frame data
12 bytes

0	1	2	3	1	1	2	3	2	2	0	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

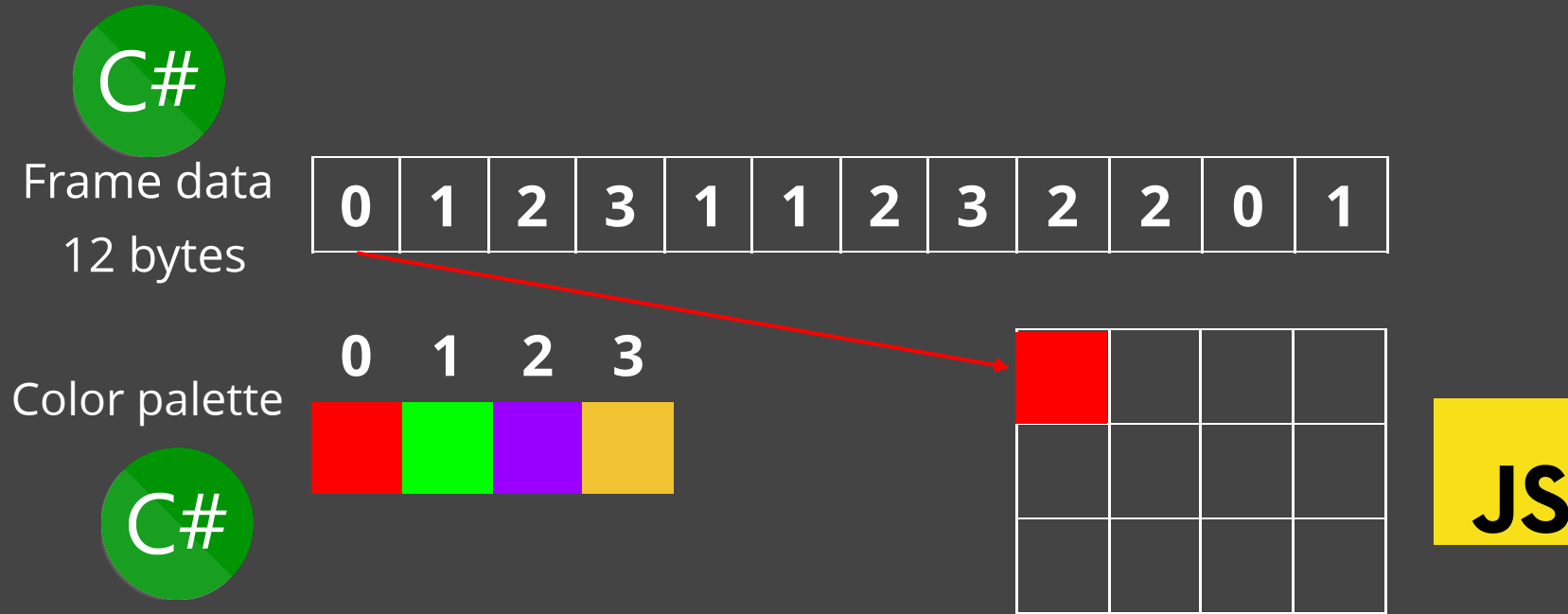
Color palette

0	1	2	3
			

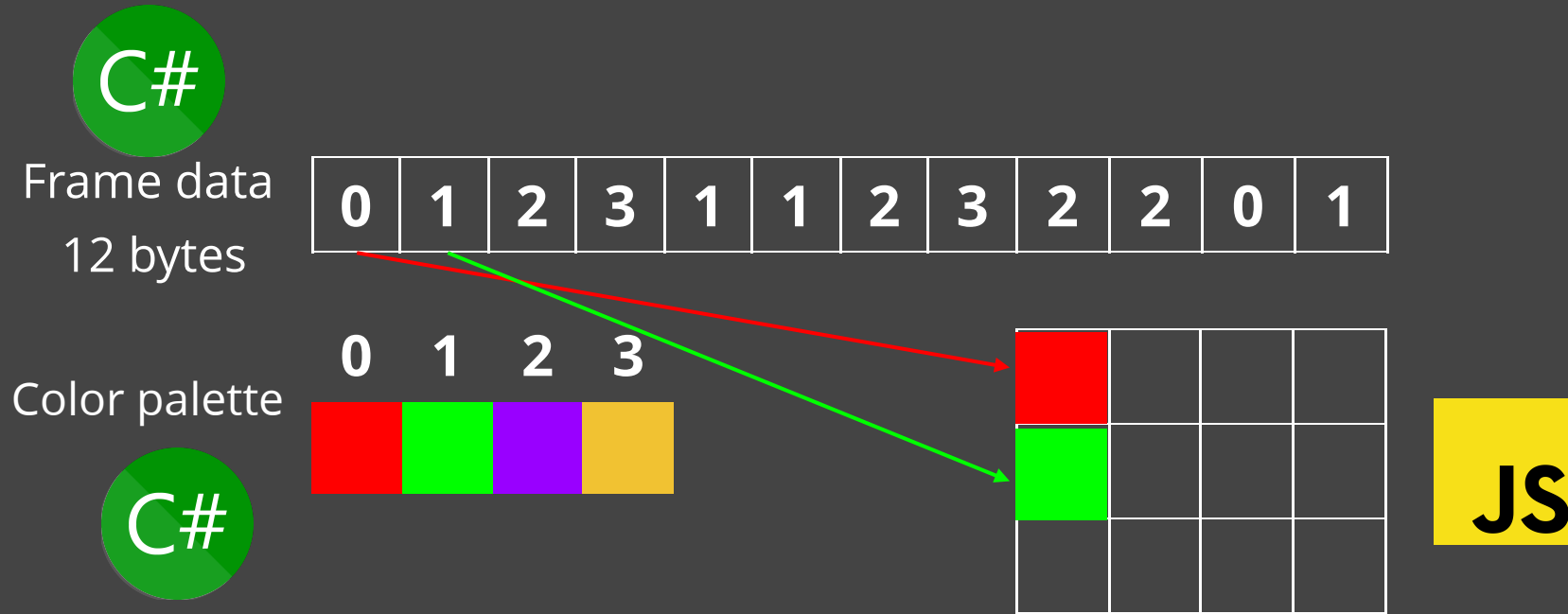




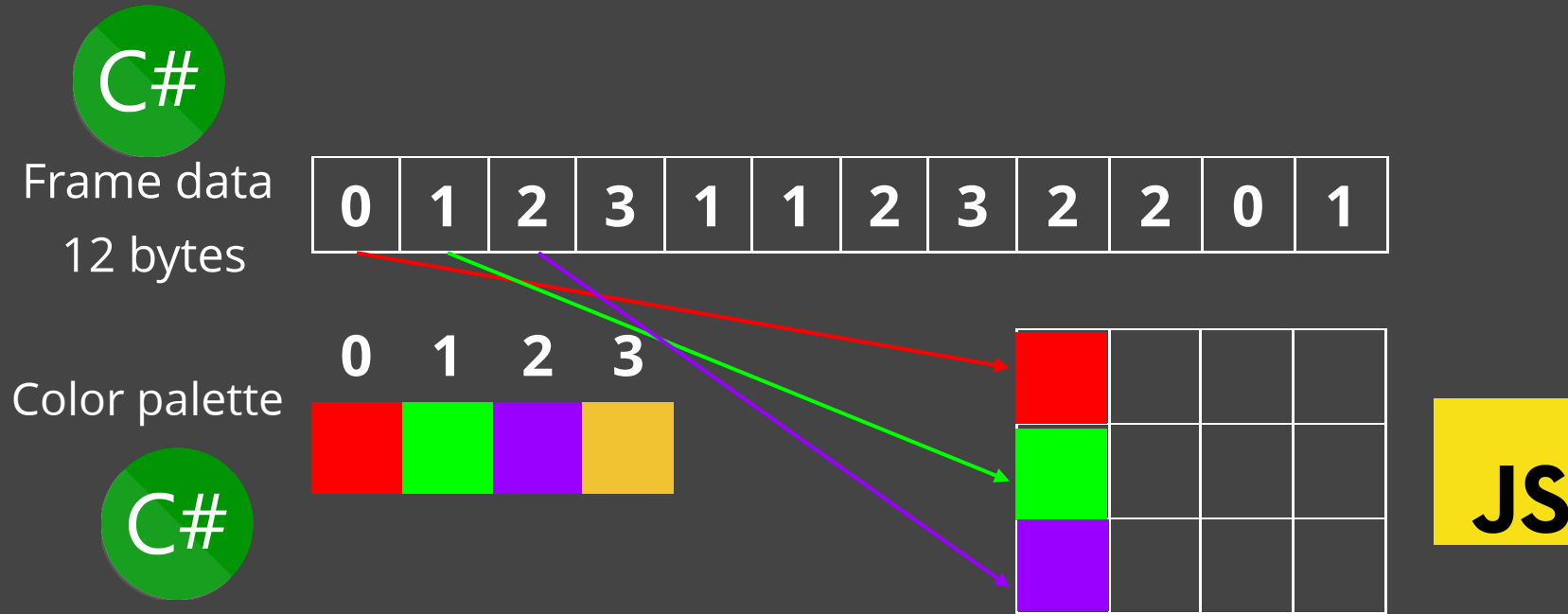
From 1D frame to a 2D frame



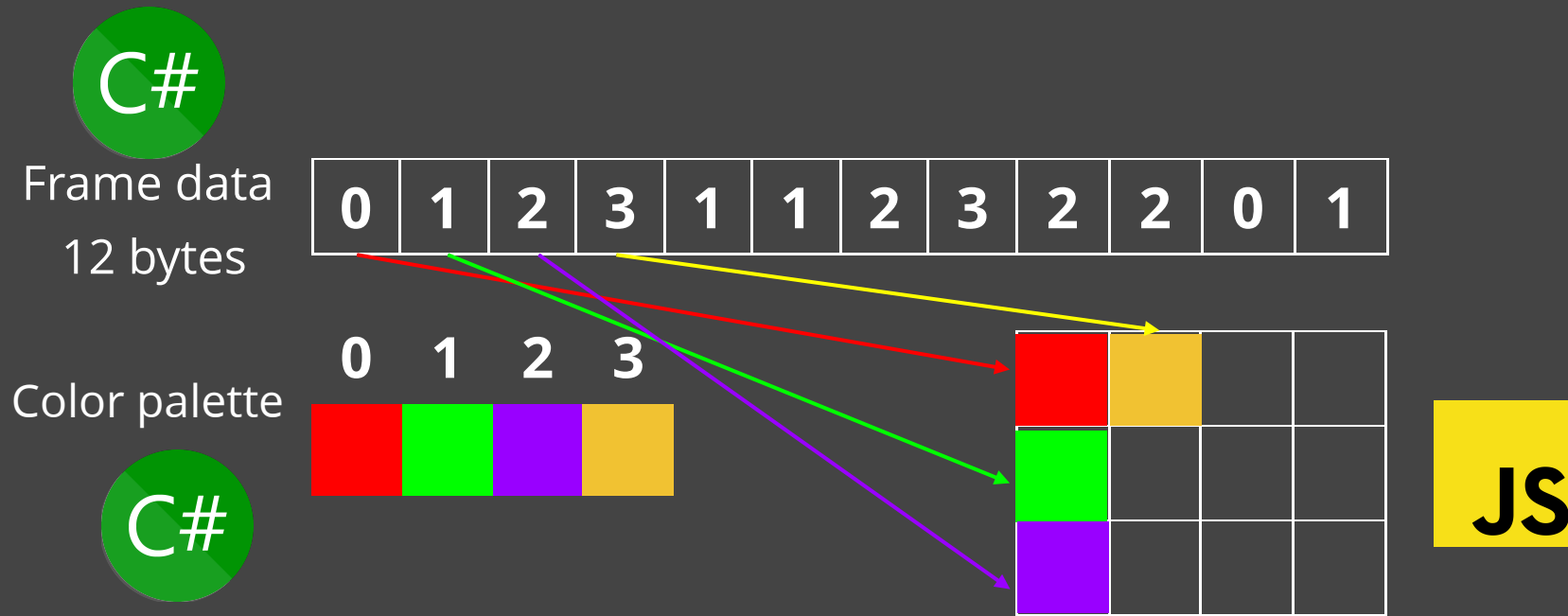
From 1D frame to a 2D frame



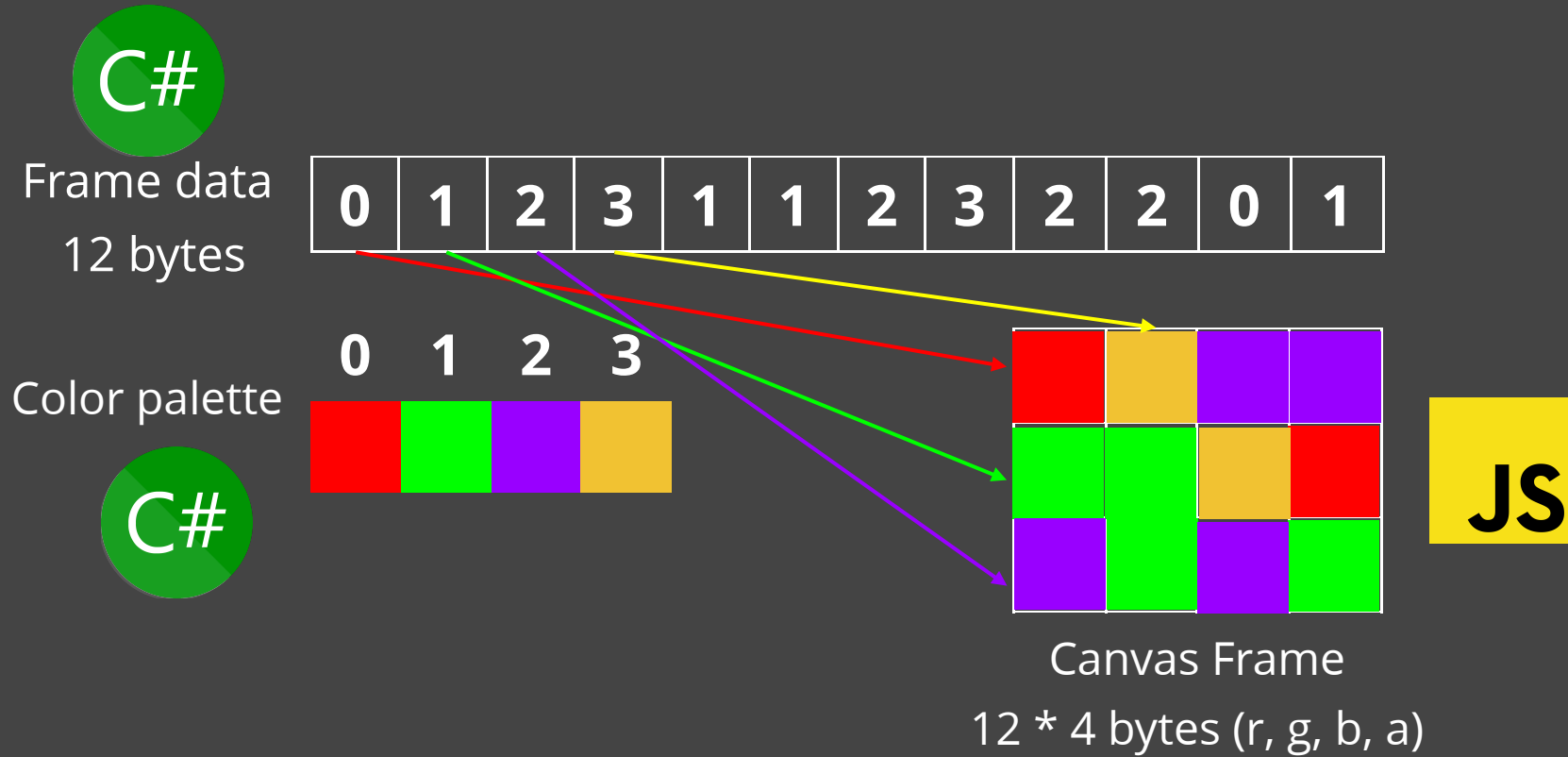
From 1D frame to a 2D frame



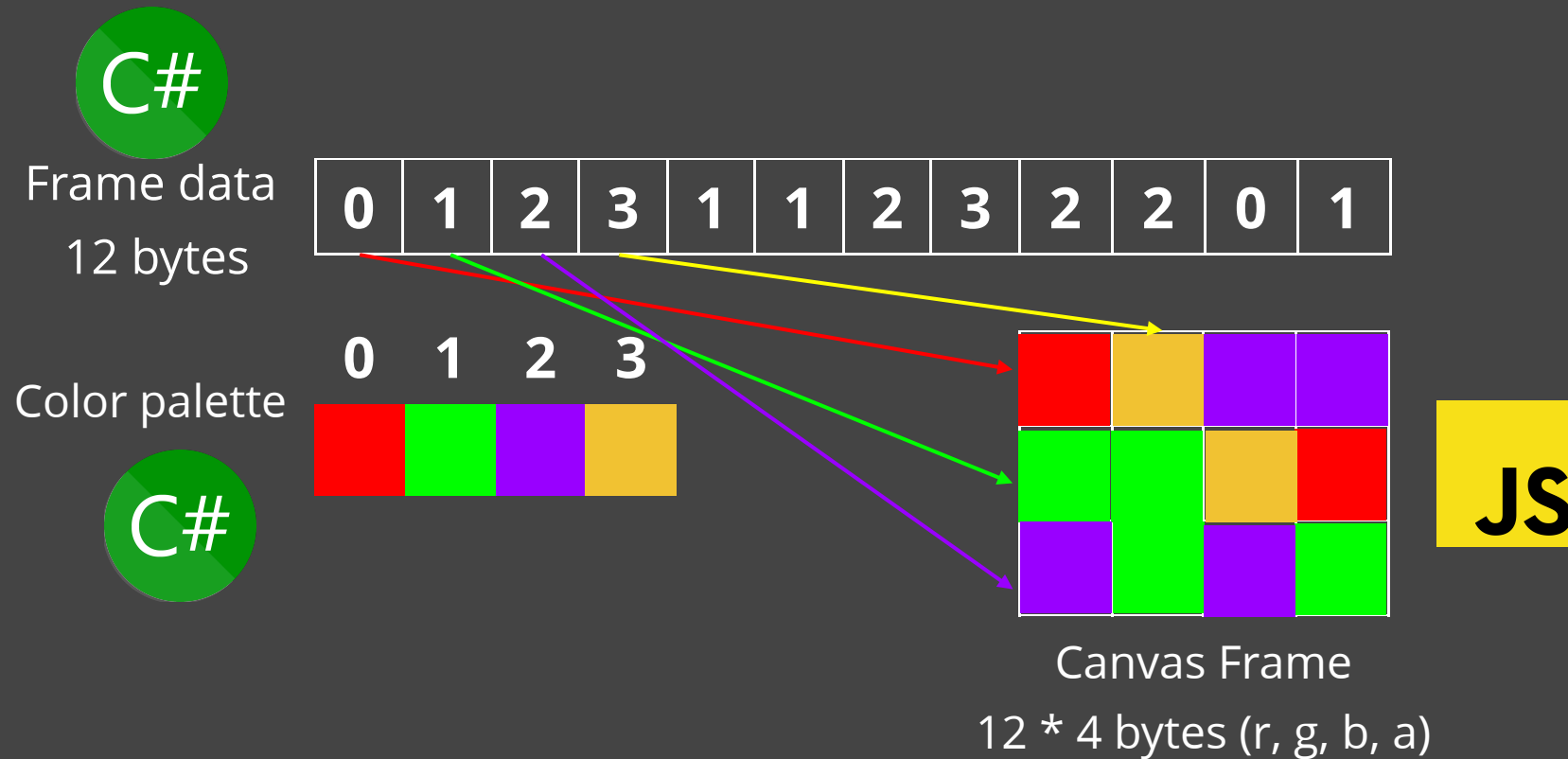
From 1D frame to a 2D frame



From 1D frame to a 2D frame



From 1D frame to a 2D frame



- Doom uses color indexing
- Image built from top to bottom and from left to right

Frame rendering: from C# to JS

```
1 public class DoomRenderer
2 {
3     // Called by updateGameState
4     private void Display(uint[] colors)
5     {
6         BlazorDoom.Renderer.renderOnJS(screen.Data, (int[])((object)colors));
7     }
8 }
```

C#

```
1 namespace BlazorDoom
2 {
3     [SupportedOSPlatform("browser")]
4     public partial class Renderer
5     {
6         [JSImport("drawOnCanvas", "blazorDoom/renderer.js")]
7         internal static partial string renderOnJS(byte[] screenData,
8                                                    int[] colors);
9     }
10 }
```

C#

```
1 export function drawOnCanvas(screenData, colors) {
2     //
3 }
```

JS

Rendering a Frame buffer

JS

```
1 export function drawOnCanvas(screenData, colors) {
2     const context = getCanvas().context;
3     const imageData = context.createImageData(320, 200);
4     let y = 0;
5     let x = 0;
6     for (let i = 0; i < screenData.length; i += 1) {
7         const dataIndex = (y * width + x) * 4;
8         setSinglePixel(imageData, dataIndex, colors, screenData[i]);
9         if (y >= height - 1) {
10             y = 0;
11             x += 1;
12         } else {
13             y += 1;
14         }
15     }
16     context.putImageData(imageData, 0, 0);
17 }
18
19 function setSinglePixel(imageData, dataIndex, colors, colorIndex) {
20     const color = colors[colorIndex];
21     imageData.data[dataIndex] = color & 0xff; // R
22     imageData.data[dataIndex + 1] = (color >> 8) & 0xff; // G
23     imageData.data[dataIndex + 2] = (color >> 16) & 0xff; // B
24     imageData.data[dataIndex + 3] = 255; // Alpha
25 }
```

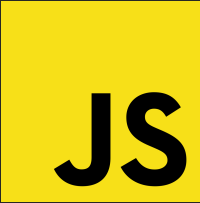
Rendering a Frame buffer

```
1 export function drawOnCanvas(screenData, colors) {
2     const context = getCanvas().context;
3     const imageData = context.createImageData(320, 200);
4     let y = 0;
5     let x = 0;
6     for (let i = 0; i < screenData.length; i += 1) {
7         const dataIndex = (y * width + x) * 4;
8         setSinglePixel(imageData, dataIndex, colors, screenData[i]);
9         if (y >= height - 1) {
10             y = 0;
11             x += 1;
12         } else {
13             y += 1;
14         }
15     }
16     context.putImageData(imageData, 0, 0);
17 }
18
19 function setSinglePixel(imageData, dataIndex, colors, colorIndex) {
20     const color = colors[colorIndex];
21     imageData.data[dataIndex] = color & 0xff; // R
22     imageData.data[dataIndex + 1] = (color >> 8) & 0xff; // G
23     imageData.data[dataIndex + 2] = (color >> 16) & 0xff; // B
24     imageData.data[dataIndex + 3] = 255; // Alpha
25 }
```

JS

Rendering a Frame buffer

```
1 export function drawOnCanvas(screenData, colors) {
2     const context = getCanvas().context;
3     const imageData = context.createImageData(320, 200);
4     let y = 0;
5     let x = 0;
6     for (let i = 0; i < screenData.length; i += 1) {
7         const dataIndex = (y * width + x) * 4;
8         setSinglePixel(imageData, dataIndex, colors, screenData[i]);
9         if (y >= height - 1) {
10             y = 0;
11             x += 1;
12         } else {
13             y += 1;
14         }
15     }
16     context.putImageData(imageData, 0, 0);
17 }
18
19 function setSinglePixel(imageData, dataIndex, colors, colorIndex) {
20     const color = colors[colorIndex];
21     imageData.data[dataIndex] = color & 0xff; // R
22     imageData.data[dataIndex + 1] = (color >> 8) & 0xff; // G
23     imageData.data[dataIndex + 2] = (color >> 16) & 0xff; // B
24     imageData.data[dataIndex + 3] = 255; // Alpha
25 }
```

A yellow square containing the letters 'JS' in a bold, black, sans-serif font.

CHAPTER 5

DEMO(ND)



EPilogue

NEXT STEPS AND CONCLUSION

Next steps

- Better BGM (Background Music) implementation
- Update to ManagedDoom V2 (replaced SFML with Silk.Net)
- Make this port an official part of ManagedDoom

Key takeaways

Key takeaways

- WASM possibilities are limitless

Key takeaways

- WASM possibilities are limitless
- Porting a game is great and fun way to learn programming

SLIDE
DECK



SLIDES OVER

SOURCE
CODE



THANKS FOR PLAYING !
ANY QUESTION ?



Yassine
Benabbas



@yostane

Links

- <https://mspoweruser.com/this-doom-digital-camera-source-port-is-amazing-and-bizarre/>
- <https://www.link-cable.com/top-10-weird-doom-ports/>
- pixabay.com
- Doom text generator: <https://c.eev.ee/doom-text-generator>